

**GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC  
OF VANUATU**

PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE

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BUREAU DU PREMIER MINISTRE

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DEPARTMENT DE  
COMMUNICATION ET DE  
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23 April 2026

## **Advisory 136: Microsoft Office Remote Code Execution (CVE-2009-0238).**

**Release Date:** 14<sup>th</sup> April 2026  
**Impact:** **HIGH / CRITICAL**  
**TLP:** CLEAR

The Department of Communications and Digital Transformation (DCDT) through CERT Vanuatu (CERTVU), provides the following advisory.

This alert is relevant to Organizations and System/Network administrators that utilize the above products. This alert is intended to be understood by technical users and systems administrators.

### **What is it?**

**CVE-2009-0238** is a critical remote code execution vulnerability (CVSS ~9.3) in Microsoft Windows Internet Printing service (MS08-067-related RPC component exposure). It is caused by a stack-based buffer overflow in the handling of RPC requests over SMB (Server Message Block).

The flaw allows an attacker to send a specially crafted network request that overflows memory buffers in the Windows RPC service, enabling arbitrary code execution at SYSTEM level.

### **What are the systems affected?**

The vulnerability affects older Microsoft Windows operating systems, including:

- Windows 2000
- Windows XP (all editions at the time)
- Windows Server 2003
- Windows Vista (pre-patched systems)

- Windows Server 2008 (pre-patched systems)

## What does this mean?

Typical exploitation flow:

1. **Network scanning**
  - Attackers scan networks for systems exposing **SMB (TCP port 445)**.
2. **Crafted RPC request**
  - A specially designed RPC packet is sent to the Windows Server Service.
3. **Buffer overflow triggered**
  - The service fails to properly validate input, causing a **stack-based buffer overflow**.
4. **Remote code execution**
  - Attacker overwrites memory and executes code with **SYSTEM privileges**.
5. **Worm propagation (common in real attacks)**
  - Malware automatically spreads to other vulnerable systems across the network.

Successful exploitation of this vulnerability may allow attackers to:

- Execute arbitrary code remotely with SYSTEM privileges
- Install malware or worm payloads
- Fully compromise affected systems
- Spread laterally across internal networks
- Disrupt services and cause large-scale outages

## Mitigation process

CERTVU recommends the following:

### 1. Apply Security Patches (Critical)

- Install Microsoft security update [MS08-067](#) (MS09-023 and later cumulative fixes depending on system state)
- Ensure all legacy systems are fully patched or upgraded

### 2. Disable or Restrict SMB ([TCP 445](#))

- Block SMB traffic at network boundaries
- Disable SMBv1 on legacy systems where possible
- Restrict access to trusted internal hosts only

## Reference

1. <https://www.cisa.gov/known-exploited-vulnerabilities-catalog>
2. <https://www.cve.org/CVERecord?id=CVE-2009-0238>
3. <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/cve-2009-0238>
4. <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/security-updates/securitybulletins/2008/ms08-067>

